

The Importance of Standardized Data for Your Digital Twin

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Agenda



Why standardized data?



What is standardized data?



How do ensure standardized data?

About Your Speaker

- Registered Architect
- Past president of AIA Northern Virginia
- Co-Chair of the COBie Workgroup at NIBS
- Recognized expert in Revit, AutoCAD, COBie, and BIM
- Speaker at AU, BILT, NFMT, CFTA, NIBS
- Almost 30 Years of Experience in the AEC Industry
- 20+ Years as a technology consultant



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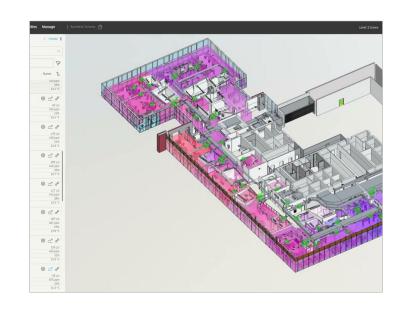
Why Standardized Data?

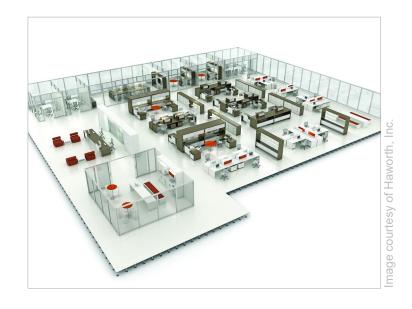
The importance of having consistent, relevant data.



Why Standardized Data?







Accurate Reporting

Digital Twin Visualizations

Passing Data to Your FM Systems



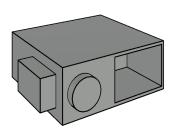
What is Standardized Data?

The different types of data.

2 Types of Data

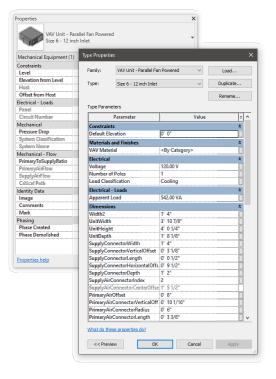


Graphical Data



- Structural elements
- Core & Shell elements
- Site elements
- Fixtures, furniture, and equipment (assets)
- Simplified for digital twin
- 2D for space planning
- Asset ID

Informational Data



- Identification (manufacturer, make, model, etc.)
- Location (floor, room, etc.)
- Engineering/functionality (power, flow, etc.)
- Installation (serial number, warranty information, etc.)
- Manuals (operational, maintenance)
- Asset ID

Data Collection



WHO	WHEN	HOW	WHAT
Architects and Engineers	Design + CA	Updating the Revit models	 Data in parameters (informational data) Updated geometry to match RFIs, Redlines (graphical data)
Contractors	Construction	Generating redline drawingsGathering documents	 As-built conditions (graphical data) Documentation about equipment including their manuals, warranties, etc. (informational data)
Commissioning Agent	Commissioning	Capturing dataGathering documents	 Installation and performance (informational data) Documentation about equipment including their manuals, warranties, etc. (informational data)

1A: DESIGN MODEL Description LOD DESIGN Produced by Design team RVT (Revit) 300 200-300 One model per discipline or design firm Contains sheets and views necessary for construction document generation Design model is archived Design model is used and copy is used as as base or new CA Model model is generated 1B: CA MODEL 2A: CONSTRUCTION MODEL 3A: FEDERATED MODEL Description Description Produced by Construction team Consolidated multiple models from Produced by Design team CONSTRUCTION Geometry is graphically the Used for phasing and construction issues contractors and subs same as Design Model, but Data included here is for construction Used for owner review purposes only (not Operations Data) Data included here is for construction purposes only (not Operations Data) accurate as design team receives construction info LOD Format [Geometry [Data] 400 Varies 400 Navisworks 400 400 Revit 400 300 2B: CONSTRUCTION MODEL 3B: FEDERATED MODEL COMMISSIONING Description Same as 2A, but with more data, and more Same as 3A, but with more data, and Facility data needed for Operations accurate data, as well as more accurate more accurate data, as well as more is integrated into CA Model: accurate geometry location unneeded elements are removed LOD LOD Format [Geometry [Data] Varies 400 400 Navisworks 400 400 Construction models are archived 1C: FACILITY MODEL OPERATIONS Clear of extraneous documentation content 300 + Field Verified 300 + Commissioning Data quality checked for consistency, and accuracy Data for Operations = Model to be imported into owner FM System Model to be used for future renovations and expansions **IMPORTANT**: Geometry in this model is LOD 500 because it is moving from as-designed to as-built/field verified. It is NOT more "detailed" geometry

Model Lifecycle



- Construction models do not make good operations models
- They include too much detail and are modified to accommodate means and methods in construction
- Design models updated with redlines should be carried through to operations
- Ideally, LOD 300 models (geometry), as they will be your backgrounds for future work/renovations
- You want all the data and just enough geometry



How do I ensure standardized data?

Tools, techniques, best practices, and recommendations.

LOD Designations



ISSUES

- No national standard for LOD
- Based on a linear relationship (e.g., 100, 200, 300, 350, 400, 450, 500)

200	Inclusions:			
	General shape			
300	Inclusions:			
	Specific section type and size			
350	Inclusions:			
	 Member connections such as, base plates and gusset plates, anchor rods Connection details with correct and reliable dimensions Steel structure reinforcements and stiffeners (e.g. for penetrations) Cap plates 			
400	Inclusions:			
	 Welds Coping of members Washers, nuts, etc. 			

- Separate LOD for Graphical Data and Informational Data
- Use 100, 200, 300, 400 for graphics and A, B, C, D for data
- For example, instead of LOD 300, define it as LOD 300C

LOD Elements

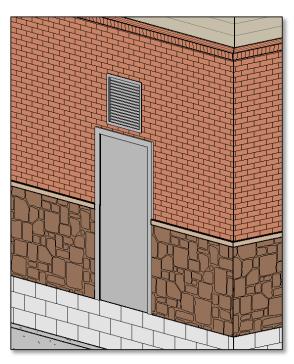


ISSUES

 Typically organized by UniFormat or MasterFormat

Not all classifications have

equivalent elements in the model authoring software



RECOMMENDATIONS

Base your LOD on Revit family categories Level of Development (LOD) Tables

Air Terminals

Areas

Cable Tray

Cable Tray Fittings

Casework

Ceilings (Exterior)

Ceilings (Interior)

Columns (Non-Structural)

Communication Devices

Conduits

Conduit Fittings

Curtain Panels

Curtain Wall Mullions

Data Devices

Detail Items

Doors (Exterior)

Doors (Interior)

Ducts

Duct Accessories

Duct Fittings

Duct Insulation

Duct Linings

Duct Placeholders

Duct Systems

Electrical Equipment

Electrical Equipment (Fire Alarm)

Electrical Fixtures

Entourage

National Institu

LOD Elements





Plumbing Fixtures

General Information

SUBSET	N/A
EQUIVALENT BUILDING ELEMENTS	Drains, drinking fountains, lavatories, mop sinks, showers, toilets, urinals
CLASSIFICATIONS	
Uniformat 2010	D2010.60: Plumbing Fixtures
OmniClass Table 21	21-04 20 10 60: Plumbing Fixtures
MasterFormat	22 40 00: Plumbing Fixtures
OmniClass Table 22	22-22 40 00: Plumbing Fixtures
OmniClass Table 23	23-31 00 00: Plumbing Specific Products and Equipment
NOTES	Plumbing fixtures can be modeled in both the architectural and MEP models. However, only one model will be designated the single source for all plumbing fixture locations

Graphics and Facility Data

	GRAPHICS	FACILITY DATA
LOW DETAIL	100	A
	INCLUDES: generic modeling with preliminary geometry and dimensions	INCLUDES: phasing, length, width, height, subcategory (see Section S6.F)
MEDIUM DETAIL	200	В
	INCLUDES: "basis of design" modeling with general geometry and dimensions	INCLUDES: same as A + mounting type, mounting height, location detectable by Room or Space
HIGH DETAIL	300	С
	INCLUDES: "basis of design" modeling with detailed geometry and dimensions, code clearances	INCLUDEs: same as B + "basis of design" specifications + UniFormat & MasterFormat classification
EXTRA DETAIL	400	D
	INCLUDES: manufacturer provided "as-built" modeling with accurate geometry and dimensions, code clearances	INCLUDES: same as C + "as-built" manufacturer & model, cost

Non-Real World Elements



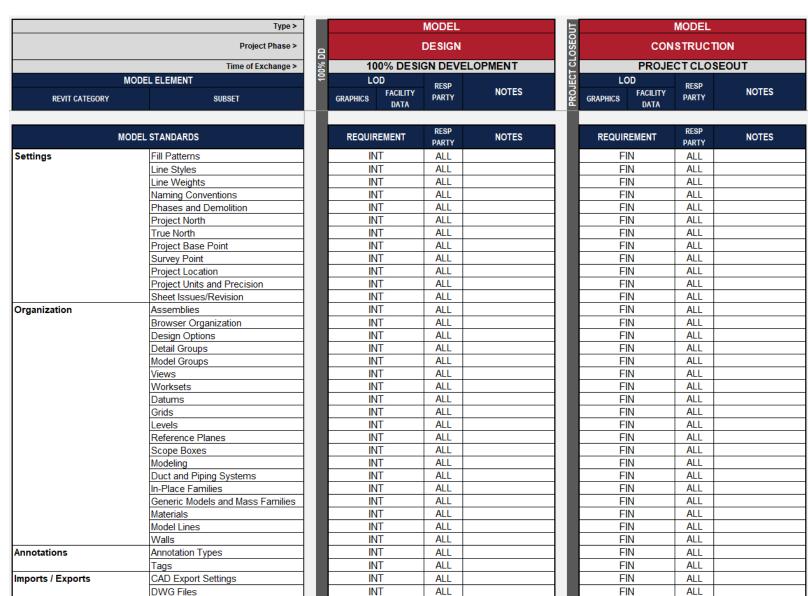
ISSUES

- Models include elements that are not equivalent to real-world elements
- For example: Views, Sheets, Details, Legends, Settings, Phases, Design Options, etc.
- Most you don't need in a model at delivery

- Make them part of your modeling standards
- Most should stay during the project as interim deliverables (INT)
- Most should be removed for final deliverables (FIN)
- Include them in your BIM Execution Plan

Non-Real World Elements





INT

ALL

ALL

Data Fields

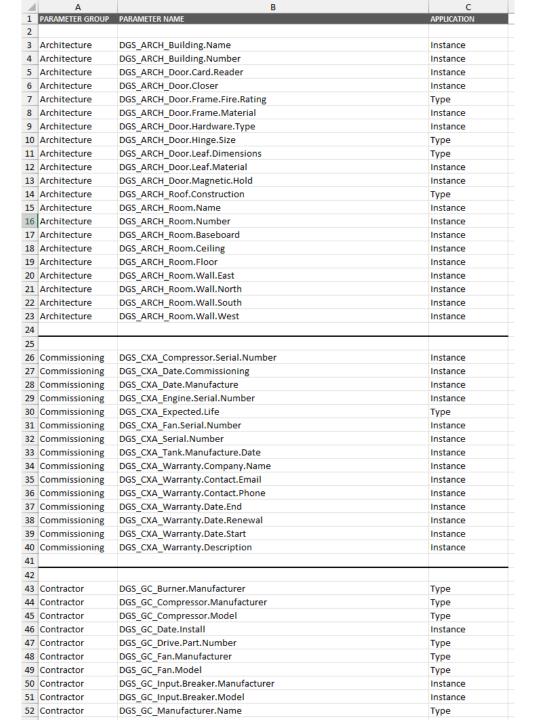


ISSUES

- The data fields in models (parameters) get lost in a sea of other data fields
- Asking for too many pieces of data will cause your consultants to either not do it, not do it correctly, or charge you too much

- Clear parameter naming standards that include:
 - Your organization's initials
 - The responsible party
 - Description
- Less is better...focus on the critical data needed to manage your facility
- The Autodesk Shared Parameter Tool will add the parameters you need to any model in 2 clicks

Data Fields

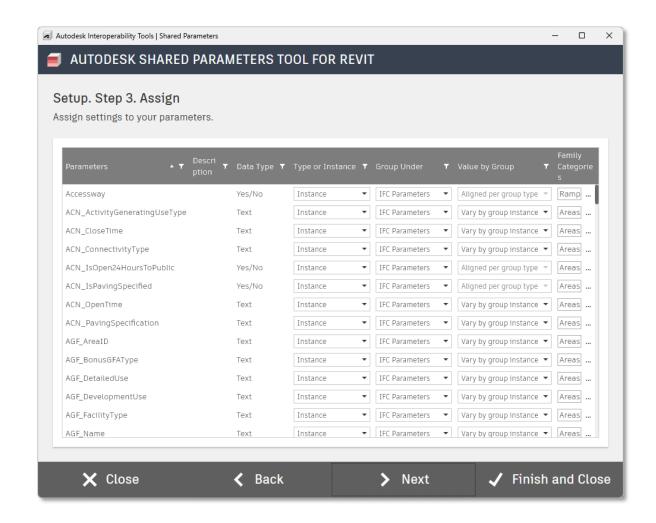




Data Fields



- Autodesk Shared Parameters Tool for Revit (SPT)
- Part of the Autodesk Interoperability Tools
- Free for all Revit users
- Allows you to map your shared parameters to the correct family categories at the correct level (type vs instance)

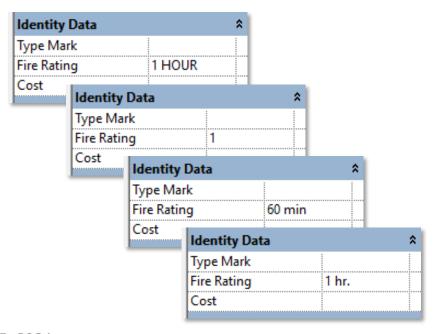


Data Values



ISSUES

- Your data fields have inconsistent values in them
- For example:



- Create "Picklists" for your teams to use when filling in your standard parameters
- The Autodesk Standardize Data Tool is free and lets you build Picklists in Excel



BEP Organization



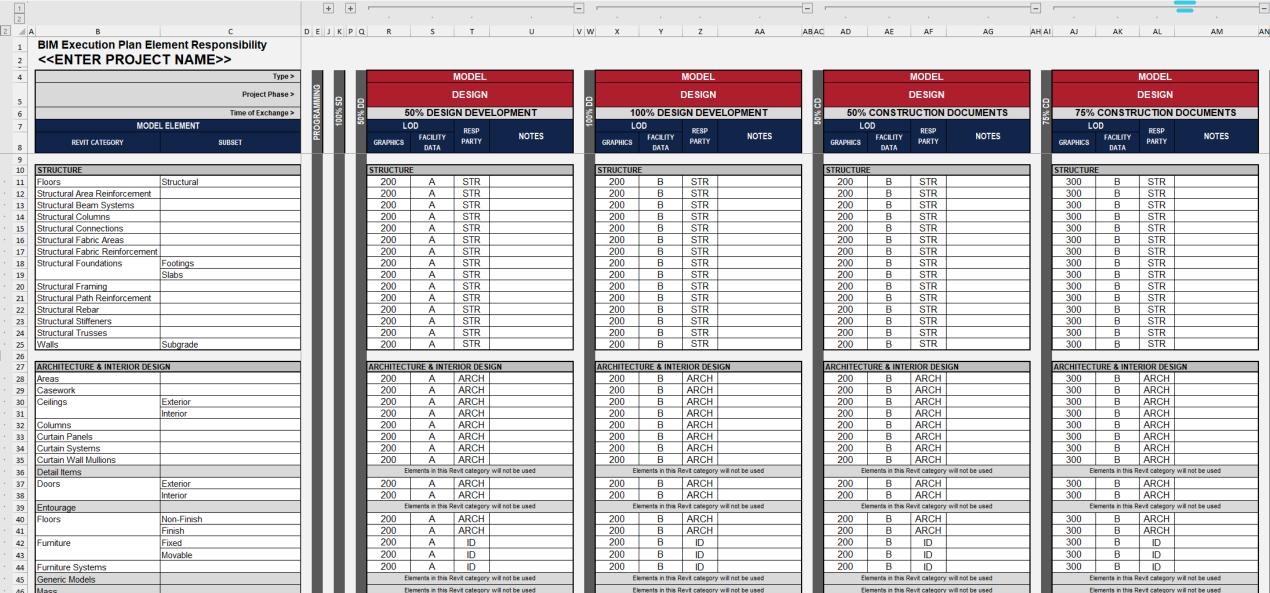
ISSUES

- Your "element responsibility" matrix is too big to manage
- Consultants struggle to find what applies only to them

- Organize your rows by discipline (consultant), then by Revit family category
- Organize your columns by milestone
- Include data groups that allow for one-click expand/collapse

BEP Organization





Templates



ISSUES

- Creating templates ensures all your standard modeling content is in one place
- But, your consultants refuse to use your templates because they have their own

- Consider creating a "warehouse" or "showcase" model with all your standard content
- Your consultants can easily import that content into their templates

Model Checking / QC



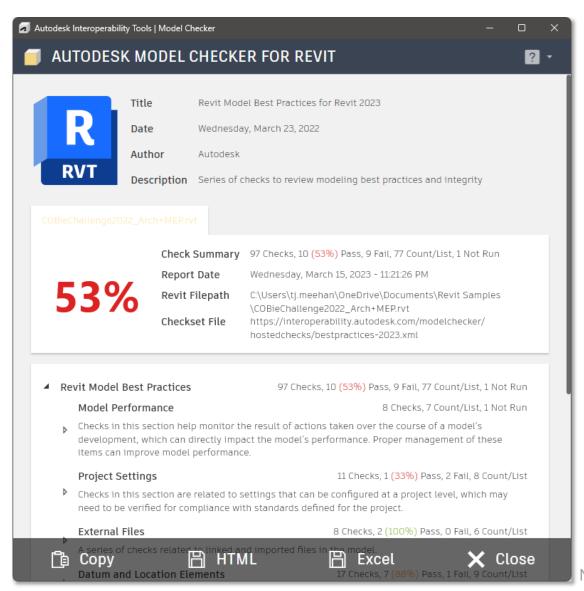
ISSUES

 It can be difficult and timeconsuming to check that the model deliverables from your consultants are meeting your requirements

- Create a custom checkset for the Autodesk Model Checker for Revit
- Have your consultants run it and deliver the generated report with their models
- Your team can run it as a spot check
- The Model Checker has a cloudbased version called the Autodesk Validation Tool that can run without Revit on any number of files

Model Checking / QC





Questions?